



Results on the Indicators for Management of Fisheries *Refugia*:

STANDARDIZED METHODS FOR COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF DATA AND INFORMATION, FOR THE USE IN ASSESSING THE IMPACTS OF FISHERIES REFUGIA AND IN THE DESIGNING OF APPROPRIATE INDICATORS FOR LONG TERM MANAGEMENT OF THE REGIONAL SYSTEM OF FISHERIES REFUGIA

Presented by :

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Dimensions	Sub-Dimensions	Criteria	Indicators
1) Ecosystem	Fisheries Resources	Abundance stock / Distribution / Effort	Biomass Estimation
			Level of MSY
			Level of MEY
			Level of CPUE
			CPUA
		Catch landing	
		Biological Parameter	Length at first capture (Lc)
			Length at first mature (Lm)
			Sex ratio
			Spawning Potential Ratio
	Length frequency		
	Species composition / Catch structure	GSI (Gonadosomatic Index)	
		Percentage of dominance species	
		Number of species	
		% Main economic species	
		% Main commercial species	
Habitat (mangrove, coral, seagrass)	Healthy/condition/Area	Percentage of Bycatch	
		Size Coverage	
		Healthy Index	
		Status of target habitat density	
Environment (Impact from human act.)	Pollution	Size Coverage	
		Standard Water Quality (e.g. COD,BOD)	
	Eutrophication	Phytoplankton Abundance	
		Phosphosphate, Nitrate Concentration	
	Anthropogenic (Human activity)	Coastal reclamation area	
		Level of maritime activity	
Erosion	Erosion	Level and distribution of maritime activity	
		List of area/habitat	

Dimensions	Sub-Dimensions	Criteria	Indicators
2) Social	Livelihoods	Diversity of Occupation	Number of option/ Occupation/ work (Alternative, Permanent work, Sub sistant work)
		Food security (Fish consumption, Fish consumption/Capital)	Fish consumption/Capita/year
	Stakeholder Participation (Indigenous People, Gender, etc)	Participation	Ratio/Number of participation
		Local Organization	Number of organization, ratio of gender and IP
		Networking	Number of networking
	Type /way of direc or indirec communication		
	Number of agreement		
	Education (Local knowledge, Local wisdom)	Awareness program (Info. Center, IEC)	Number of Information Center
			Number of consultation
			Number of best practice
Number of awareness program			
3) Economic	Economic Condition (to community)	Capacity building	Number of training/Extension
		Poverty incident	Poverty Index
		Capital accessibility	Number of financial accessible household income
	Fisheries Production, Efforts	Income	Income/household
		Contribution of target species	Value of contribution/production
	Inovative Fisheries Technology	Effectiveness fishing gear	Level of production, or level of CPUE
		Efficiency fishing gear	Length limit
		Cost effectiveness	Cost reduction ,time, human power
		Environment friendly (Green technology)	Reduce of fuel consumption
			Reduce bycatch
Investment	Number of investment (for e.g. fishing fleet, processing, ship builder, management tools/software, etc.)		
	New of domestic product		

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4) Governance	Fisheries management policy (Fishing/User Right, Precautionary approaches/Science-based management, and Synergistic Way/Strategy)	Legal framework	Number of law and regulation
		Harvest strategy/ Limit of fishing effort	Closed season control)
			Number of output control (TAC, Quota)
		Fisheries management plan/ strategy/ framework	Management plan of Fisheries refugia in place
	Stakholder Cooperation/Coordination (Regional / national levels)	Management mechanism	Management board/ committee, transboundary committee, RPOA for refugia in place
	Enforcement	Coordination mechanism	Inter agency coordination in place, Number of joint operation
		Fishery Law enforcement	Level of enforcement
			Frequency of regular patrol
	Capacity Building	Best Practice	Adoption of best practice in place
		Maritime policy /regulation and International policy	Number of training/workshop
	Funding (Infrastructure, Enforcement, etc.)	Sustainability	Long term commitment of Government on finance
		Source of funding (incentive, soft loan, donation/CSR)	Number of donor
			Type of fund
		incentive	Type of incentive
			Number of activity
	Number of best practice		

5) Climate Change and Disaster	Fish Stock	Impact to Fish Stock	Availability/levels of knowledge abundance, distribution, genetic diversity, recruitment
			Update information impact to fish stock
	Impact to Habitat	Coral bleaching	Area
			Incident/ frequency
			Recovery Rate
		Destruction of mangrove	Area coverage
			Recovery Rate
		Destruction of sea grass	Area coverage
			Recovery Rate
		Ocean acidification	PH level
	Carbonate (CO ₃) Level		
	Impact to Environment	Sea level	Saline instrution
			Mean sea level annual
		Physical/chemical parameters (T, Salinity, PH, DO)	Level of physical and chemical parameters
Precipitation (rainfall)		Level of Precipitation	



